

BPTF Ab

[Images\(1\)](#)

Cat.#: BF0216	Concn.: ~1mg/ml	Mol.Wt.: 338kDa
Size:	Source: Mouse	Clonality: Monoclonal

Application: ELISA 1:10000, WB 1:500-1:2000
*The optimal dilutions should be determined by the end user.

Reactivity: Human

Storage: Mouse IgG1 in phosphate buffered saline (without Mg²⁺ and Ca²⁺), pH 7.4, 150mM NaCl, 0.02% sodium azide and 50% glycerol. Store at -20 °C. Stable for 12 months from date of receipt.

Purification: Affinity-chromatography.

Immunogen: Purified recombinant fragment of human BPTF expressed in E. Coli.

Uniprot: Q12830

Description: BPTF (bromodomain and PHD domain transcription factor) is the largest subunit of the ATP-dependent chromatin-remodelling complex, NURF (nucleosome remodelling factor). NURF catalyses ATP-dependent nucleosome sliding and facilitates transcription. BPTF recognises histone H3 tails that are tri-methylated at K4, which marks the transcriptional start site of the vast majority of transcriptionally active genes. BPTF also exhibits some binding to H3 di-methylated at K4. BPTF plays a key role in the development of early mouse embryos, possibly through regulation of the Smad pathway of transcription factors. While BPTF is expressed in low levels in the adult brain and spinal cord, it is expressed in higher levels in the brain in neurodegenerative diseases.

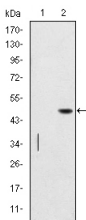


Figure 1: Western blot analysis using BPTF mAb against HEK293 (1) and BPTF (AA: 503-670)-hIgGFc transfected HEK293 (2) cell lysate.

IMPORTANT: For western blot, incubate membrane with diluted primary Ab in 5% w/v milk, 1X TBS, 0.1% Tween@20 at 4°C with gentle shaking, overnight.

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