

## EphA6 Ab

[Images\(1\)](#)

|               |  |  |
|---------------|--|--|
| Cat.#: BF0669 | Concn.: ~1mg/ml  | Mol.Wt.: 55kDa(recombinant protein),116kDa |
| Size:         | Source: Mouse  | Clonality: Monoclonal                      |
| Application:  | ELISA 1:10000, WB 1:500-1:2000<br>*The optimal dilutions should be determined by the end user.   |  |
| Reactivity:   | Human  |  |
| Storage:      | Mouse IgG1 in phosphate buffered saline (without Mg <sup>2+</sup> and Ca <sup>2+</sup> ), pH 7.4, 150mM NaCl, 0.02% sodium azide and 50% glycerol. Store at -20 °C. Stable for 12 months from date of receipt.   |  |
| Purification: | Affinity-chromatography.   |  |
| Immunogen:    | Purified recombinant fragment of human EphA6 expressed in E. Coli.   |  |
| Uniprot:      | Q9UF33   |  |
| Description:  | EphA6: EPH receptor A6. The Eph subfamily represents the largest group of receptor protein tyrosine kinases identified to date. While the biological activities of these receptors have yet to be determined, there is increasing evidence that they are involved in central nervous system function and in development. The Eph subfamily receptors of human origin (and their murine/avian homologs) include EphA1(Eph), EphA2 (Eck), EphA3 (Hek4), EphA4 (Hek8), EphA5 (Hek7), EphA6 (Hek12),EphA7 (Hek11/MDK1), EphA8 (Hek3), EphB1 (Hek6), EphB2 (Hek5), EphB3(Cek10, Hek2), EphB4 (Htk), EphB5 (Hek9) and EphB6 (Mep). Ligands for Eph receptors include ephrin-A4 (LERK-4) which binds EphA3 and EphB1. |  |

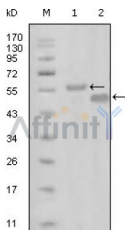


Figure 1: Western blot analysis using EphA6 mouse mAb against truncated MBP-EphA6 recombinant protein (1) and truncated GST-EphA6(aa695-795) recombinant protein (2).

**IMPORTANT:** For western blot, incubate membrane with diluted primary Ab in 5% w/v milk , 1X TBS, 0.1% Tween@20 at 4°C with gentle shaking, overnight.